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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/587,518	03/02/2007	Auturo Fregoso-Infante	FREGOSO 1	2463
	7590 09/28/200 D NEIMARK, P.L.L.C	EXAMINER		
624 NINTH ST		TISCHLER, FRANCES		
SUITE 300 WASHINGTOI	N, DC 20001-5303	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/28/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)		
		10/587	,518	FREGOSO-INFANTE ET AL.			
		Examin	er	Art Unit			
		FRANC	ES TISCHLER	1796			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHICHEVI - Extensions of after SIX (6) - If NO period - Failure to repair Any reply rec	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD F ER IS LONGER, FROM THE N f time may be available under the provision MONTHS from the mailing date of this com for reply is specified above, the maximum s oly within the set or extended period for repl serived by the Office later than three months at term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF sof 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no munication. tatutory period will apply and y will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be still expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the polication to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this on NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·		
Status							
2a)⊠ This 3)⊡ Since	consive to communication(s) file action is <b>FINAL</b> .  The this application is in condition accordance with the practical in the practi	2b)⊡ This action is for allowance exce	s non-final. pt for formal matters, p		e merits is		
Disposition of	Claims						
4a) C 5)	n(s) <u>15-22</u> is/are pending in the first the above claim(s) is/an(s) is/an(s) is/an(s) <u>15-22</u> is/are rejected.  n(s) is/are objected to. n(s) are subject to restrict the subject the subject to restrict the subject the subject to restrict the subject the subject the subject to restrict the subject t	are withdrawn from o					
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10)☐ The d Applic Repla	pecification is objected to by the lawing(s) filed on is/are cant may not request that any objectement drawing sheet(s) including the part of declaration is objected the same of the part of th	ection to the drawing(s g the correction is req	) be held in abeyance. Suired if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 C			
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
2) D Notice of Dr	eferences Cited (PTO-892) aftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) /Mail Date		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

The claim objections not discussed below are deemed withdrawn.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 15 – 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yazaki et al (US 6,580,005) in view of Mays (US 3,801,273).

The rejection is adequately set forth in the office action dated 3/3/09 and is incorporated herein by reference.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/3/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant submits that Mays discloses a process that results in a gel and therefore further treatment is needed; that there is no motivation to combine Mays with Yazaki and one of ordinary skill in the art would have no motivation to substitute Yazaki's metal carbonate with Mays' metal hydroxide.

Applicant's arguments are not convincing:

(1) Mays' process may result in a gel because Mays saponifies not only PET but also cellulosic fibers. However, the point is that Mays teaches to perform saponification

with a metal hydroxide and with either a monoalcohol or dialcohol to achieve the same result.

- (2) Yazaki alone, without Mays, reads on Applicant's claim since the instant claim language is not exclusive of other saponification agents besides the claimed strong metal base.
- (3) Most importantly, Yazaki discloses, as discussed in the office action, the use metal hydroxide because metal hydroxide increases the efficiency of the decomposition reaction while metal carbonate is used only because it is cheaper. One of ordinary skill in the art would therefore know to use only metal hydroxide if cost is not an issue, or to use metal hydroxide with metal carbonate in any ratio. Mays is used herein to further show that it is known in the art to use metal hydroxide alone.

Applicant submits that the instant application claims a water-immiscible alcoholic reaction medium which allows for cooling the reaction medium, adding sufficient water to dissolve the TPA salt, and do a liquid-liquid separation, while Yazaki teaches ethylene glycol, which is a water-miscible alcohol; that Mays teaches that monoalcohols and dialcohols are interchangeable but that they must form aqueous solutions of at least 2%.

Applicant's arguments are not convincing:

(1) Mays is used herein to show that it is known that in the saponification of PET (even if the PET is mixed with other polymers) with metal hydroxide one can use mono or dialcohols interchangeably.

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(2) The monoalcohols used by Mays are the same as claimed by Applicant so they are necessarily miscible in water to the same extent, regardless if Applicant claims a water-immiscible alcohol. For instance, 2-octanol is slightly water soluble, 2-pentanol is very waster soluble, the various butanols are also soluble, etc. Said alcohols are claimed by Applicant in claim 16. Please note that Applicant claims in the instant specification (6:24-25) that the preferred alcohol is a combination of methanol/ethanol, where said alcohols are infinitely water soluble.

(3) It would have been obvious to replace Yazaki's dialcohol with Mays' monoalcohol since Mays teaches that said alcohols are interchangeable when performing a saponification reaction of PET with a metal hydroxide.

## Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRANCES TISCHLER whose telephone number is (571)270-5458. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30AM - 5:00 PM; off every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jim Seidleck can be reached on 571-272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Ling-Siu Choi/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796 Frances Tischler Examiner Art Unit 1796

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